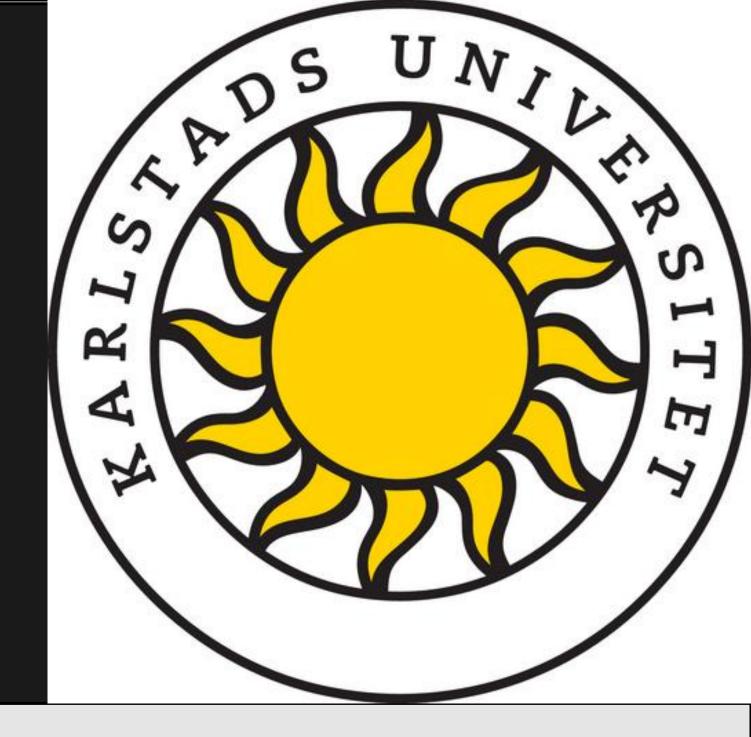
The Cyber Range Lite

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CRL at a Glance

- Lightweight container-based cyber range
- Individual labs no student sharing
- Runs on-premise or cloud, open-source
- First deployed: 42 students, Jan–Mar 2025

Why did we need CRL?

Legacy VM range on GCP

€150 / world / month



Shared worlds

flag sharing, littering, lags, crashes

Mitigation

12–24 h restores, flag rotations

• Goals:



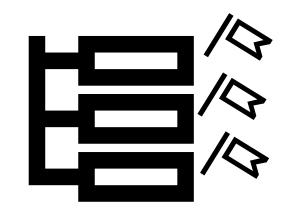
individual worlds

self-service

■ lower cost

What's already available?

- Container-based CTF Avatao, InCTF, CyExec, GIT-CTF
- Good start, but often:
 - 1 challenge = 1 container
 - Shared flags (manual grading overhead)
 - No per-student overlay network (range)

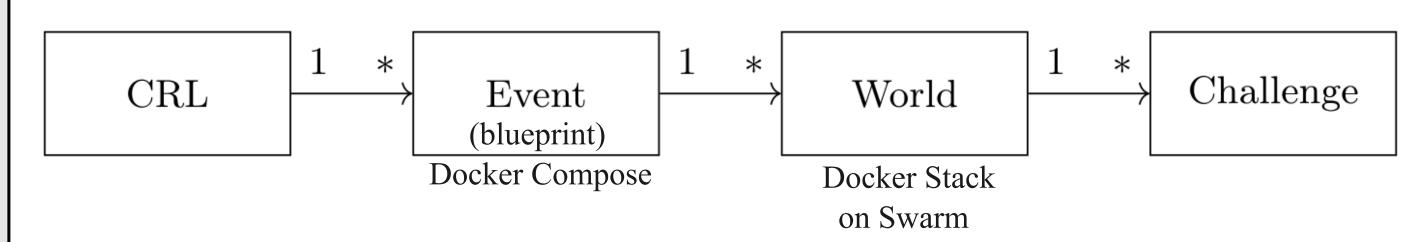


What makes CRL different?

- Multi-challenge services richer labs, fewer images
- Unique flag per student no sharing of flags
- Docker Compose + Swarm
 - 100 + hosts / world
- CTFd plugins:
 - OAuth login
 - create/reset worlds
 - hint economy



CRL architecture



- CRL
- builds / resets
- Event a course or a CTF event
- World ⇒ an individual cyber range
- Challenge \Rightarrow exercises
- WireGuard config file: at world creation/reset



Admin effort ≈ zero



Deployment and Feedback

- 42 students (+ 8 guests)
 - Worker capacity:
 - 40-core server, 755GB
 - avg CPU: 20-50%
 - avg mem: 100 GB
 - Reset: Avg 30 sec
- World
 - 13 challenges on 5 services
 - 15 red herring services
 - 1 VPN service
- Feedback







What's next?

- Planned improvements
 - richer logging
 - security hardening
 - Windows scenarios
 - Proxmox support
- Windows
- **XPROXMOX**
- Open source code and documentation





Takeaways

- Cyber Range Lite (CRL)
 - scalable, cost-effective, low maintenance
 - container-based
 - runs on-prem; cloud optional



Acknowledgements

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